

C.U.SHAH UNIVERSITY

Summer Examination-2020

Subject Name: Functional Analysis

Subject Code: 5SC03FUA1

Branch: M.Sc. (Mathematics)

Semester :3

Date : 29/02/2020

Time : 02:30 To 05:30

Marks 70

Instructions:

- (1) Use of Programmable calculator and any other electronic instrument is prohibited.
- (2) Instructions written on main answer book are strictly to be obeyed.
- (3) Draw neat diagrams and figures (if necessary) at right places.
- (4) Assume suitable data if needed.

SECTION – I

Q-1 Attempt the Following questions (07)

- a. Define: Banach space. (01)
- b. Prove that every bounded below linear map is one one. (02)
- c. In usual notation, prove that $l^p \subset l^\infty$ where $1 \leq p < \infty$. (02)
- d. State Young's inequality. (02)

Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)

- a. Let $a_j, b_j \in K$ ($j = 1, 2, \dots, n$). Let $1 < p, q < \infty$ be such that $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$. (07)
Then prove that $\sum_{j=1}^n |a_j b_j| \leq (\sum_{j=1}^n |a_j|^p)^{\frac{1}{p}} (\sum_{j=1}^n |b_j|^q)^{\frac{1}{q}}$
- b. Let $a_j, b_j \in K$ ($j = 1, 2, \dots, n$) and $1 \leq p < \infty$ then prove that $(\sum_{j=1}^n |a_j + b_j|^p)^{\frac{1}{p}} \leq (\sum_{j=1}^n |a_j|^p)^{\frac{1}{p}} + (\sum_{j=1}^n |b_j|^p)^{\frac{1}{p}}$ (07)

OR

Q-2 Attempt all questions (14)

- a. Define norm linear space. (06)
Let $l^p = \{x = (x(j))_{j=1}^\infty \mid \|x\|_p = (\sum_{j=1}^\infty |x(j)|^p)^{\frac{1}{p}} < \infty\}$ then prove that $(l^p, \|\cdot\|_p)$ is a norm linear space.
- b. State and prove F. Riesz theorem. (05)
- c. Let X be a normed linear space. If E_1 is open in X and $E_2 \subset X$ then prove that $E_1 + E_2$ is open in X . (03)

Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)



- a. Let F be a linear map from a norm linear space X to a norm linear space Y then prove the following. (07)
- (i) Prove that F is homeomorphism if and only if there exist $\alpha, \beta > 0$ such that $\beta\|x\| \leq \|F(x)\| \leq \alpha\|x\|, \forall x \in X$.
- (ii) If F is on to and linear homeomorphism then prove that X is complete if and only if Y is complete.
- b. Let X be an norm linear space then prove that the following are equivalent (07)
- (i) X is a Banach space.
- (ii) Every absolutely summable series in X is summable.

OR

- Q-3 Attempt all questions (14)**
- a. Let X be an norm linear space over K and E_1, E_2 be nonempty, disjoint subsets of X where E_1 is open. Then there exists a real hyper plane which separates E_1 and E_2 in the following sense. For some $f \in X'$ and $t \in R$, $Re f(x) < t \leq Re(y), \forall x \in E_1, y \in E_2$. (08)
- b. Let X be a complex norm linear space. (06)
- (i) If $u: X \rightarrow R$ be a linear functional Define $f: X \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ by $f(x) = u(x) - i u(ix)$. Then prove that f is a complex linear functional.
- (ii) If f is linear functional and define $u(x) = Re (f(x))$ then prove that u is a real linear functional and $f(x) = u(x) - i u(ix)$.

SECTION – II

- Q-4 Attempt the Following questions (07)**
- a. Define: Graph of function. (01)
- b. Define: Transpose of a function. (01)
- c. State Schur's lemma. (01)
- d. Let X, Y be normed linear spaces and $f: X \rightarrow Y$ be continuous linear map. Then prove that gof is continuous for every $g \in Y'$. (02)
- e. State Open mapping theorem. (02)
- Q-5 (14)**
- a. Let $1 \leq p, q < \infty$ and $\frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1$. Define $F: l^q \rightarrow (l^p)'$ by $F(y) = f_y$ (07)
- where $y \in l^q, f_y \in (l^p)'$ is given by $f_y(x) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} x(j)y(j)$. Then prove that F is an on to linear isometry.
- b. Let X be a norm linear space and $A \in B(X)$ be of finite rank. Then prove (07)
- that $\sigma_e(A) = \sigma_a(A) = \sigma(A)$.

OR

- Q-5 Attempt all questions (14)**



- a. Let X be a Banach space, Y be a normed linear space and \mathcal{A} be subset of $B(X, Y)$ such that $\{Ax : A \in \mathcal{A}\}$ is bounded for each $x \in X$. Then prove that \mathcal{A} is a bounded subset of $B(X, Y)$. (07)
- b. Let X, Y be normed linear space and $X \neq \{0\}$ then prove that following are equivalent (07)
- (i) $BL(X, Y)$ is Banach space.
- (ii) Y is Banach space.

Q-6 Attempt all questions (14)

- a. Let X be a normed linear space and $P: X \rightarrow X$ be a projection. Then prove that P is a closed map if and only if $R(P)$ and $Z(P)$ are closed in X . (05)
- b. State and prove closed graph theorem (09)

OR

Q-6 Attempt all Questions (14)

- a. Let X be a normed linear space. For every subspace Y of X and every $g \in Y'$. Prove that there is unique Hahn – Banach extension of g to X if and only if X' is strictly convex. (08)
- b. (i) Let X be normed linear space. If X_0 is a dense subspace of X then prove that X_0' is linear isometry to X' . (06)
- (ii) Prove that weak limit of a weakly convergent sequence is unique.

